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UNIT SECURITIES AND E.

Washington, D.C. 20549

# ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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**FACING PAGE** 

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/08	AND ENDING	12/31/08
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFICA	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY	Y SECURITIES, INC.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Box	No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
1111 SUPERIOR AVENUE SUITE	900		
	(No. and Street)		
CLEVELAND	OHIO	4	4114
(City)	(State)	(	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PEF MICHAEL E. GIBBONS	RSON TO CONTACT IN RE		PORT <b>.6) 241–2800</b>
THOUSEL ET GIBBONS			
HIOWEL ET GIBBONO			(Area Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACCC	DUNTANT IDENTIFIC	<del></del>	(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACCO INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT WE MALONEY + NOVOTNY LLC		his Report*	(Area Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACCO INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT WE MALONEY + NOVOTNY LLC	nose opinion is contained in t	his Report*	(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACCO INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT WE MALONEY + NOVOTNY LLC	nose opinion is contained in t	his Report* 1. middle name)	
B. ACCO INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT WE  MALONEY + NOVOTNY LLC  (  1111 SUPERIOR AVENUE SUITE 70	nose opinion is contained in t  Name – if individual, state last, firs  CLEVELAND	his Report*  I. middle name)  OHIO	44114 (Zip Code)
B. ACCO INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT WA  MALONEY + NOVOTNY LLC  (  1111 SUPERIOR AVENUE SUITE 70  (Address)	nose opinion is contained in t  Name – if individual, state last, firs  CLEVELAND	his Report*  I. middle name)  OHIO	44114
B. ACCO INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT WE  MALONEY + NOVOTNY LLC  ( 1111 SUPERIOR AVENUE SUITE 70  (Address)  CHECK ONE:	nose opinion is contained in t  Name – if individual, state last, firs  CLEVELAND	his Report*  I. middle name)  OHIO	44114 (Zip Code)
B. ACCO  INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT when the maloney + novotny llc  (1111 SUPERIOR AVENUE SUITE 70 (Address)  CHECK ONE:  (2) Certified Public Accountant	nose opinion is contained in to Name – if individual, state last, firs  CLEVELAND  (City)	his Report*  I. middle name)  OHIO  (State)	44114 (Zip Code) PROCESSED

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, MICHAEL E. GIBBONS	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanyin BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & CO	ng financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of MPANY SECURITIES, INC.
of DECEMBER 31	, 20 08, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, prop	prietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, exc	ept as follows:
	MAG
DAVID L. STANDEN, Notary Public	Signature
State of Ohio, Lorain County  Ny Commission Expires April 28, 2009	PRESIDENT
Notary Public	Title  Homas M West  CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
This report ** contains (check all applicat	
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financia	il Condition. Iders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilitie	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	is substituted to claims of electrons.
	f Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	ssion or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	priate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	f the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the aud	lited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(n) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental	Report.
	adequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**For conditions of confidential treatment	t of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

**FORM X-17A-5** 

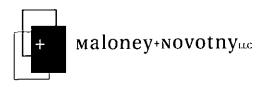
PART III

**DECEMBER 31, 2008** 

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1111 Superior Avenue | Suite 700 | Cleveland, Ohio 44114-2540 P 216.363.0100 F 216.363.0500 w maloneynovotny.com



To the Stockholders Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. Cleveland, Ohio

### Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition of Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Maloney + Novotny LLC

Cleveland, Ohio February 12, 2009



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### PART III

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

# December 31, 2008

<u>ASSETS</u>	Allowable	Non-Allowable	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$675,850	\$ -	\$675,850
Other assets: Accounts receivable	-	5,000	5,000
Total assets	\$675,850	\$ 5,000	\$680,850
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	A.I. Liabilities	Non-A.I. Liabilities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 1,745 15,000	\$ - -	\$ 1,745 15,000
recided expenses	13,000	<del></del>	
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 16,745</u>	<u>\$</u>	16,745
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Common stock, without par value Authorized – 1,500 shares			
Issued and outstanding – 425 shares			10,000
Additional paid-in-capital			23,248
Retained earnings			630,857
Total stockholders' equity			664,105
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity			\$680,850

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### PART III

# **STATEMENT OF INCOME**

Year Ended December 31, 2008

REVENUE		
Fee income	\$7,693,449	
Interest income	10,059	
		\$7,703,508
EXPENSES		
Management fees	7,580,000	
Outside services	35,000	
Dues	26,921	
Professional service fees	15,050	
Commercial activity tax	12,778	
Memberships and licenses	11,060	
Education and training	9,826	
Third party computer services	4,418	
Insurance	1,836	
Finders' fees	1,297	
Miscellaneous expenses	1,251	
Total expenses		7,699,437
NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		4,071
INCOME TAXES		11
NET INCOME		\$ 4,060

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### PART III

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Year Ended December 31, 2008

BALANCE - BEGINNING

\$660,045

**ADDITION** 

Net income

4,060

BALANCE - ENDING

\$664,105

### FORM X-17A-5

### PART III

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended December 31, 2008

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net income  Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	\$ 4,060
provided by operating activities:  Increase in accounts payable	1,285
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,345
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,345
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	670,505
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$675,850</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Cash paid during the year for:  Local income taxes	\$ 11
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#### PART\_III

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. Organization and Operation Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on July 29, 1991 under the name of BG Securities, Inc. The name was later changed to Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. The Company conducts an investment banking business and acts as agent in securities transactions with qualified institutional investors. Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. is a registered broker dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, the State of Ohio Division of Securities and the Illinois Securities Department.
- B. Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- C. Cash and Cash Equivalents The Company considers short-term mutual funds to be cash equivalents. The Company places its temporary cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits.
- D. Accounts Receivable The Company extends unsecured credit to customers under normal trade agreements which generally require payment within 30 days. The Company has not provided an allowance for doubtful accounts. The Company uses the direct write-off method to record bad debts. Based upon management's review of delinquent accounts and an assessment of the Company's historical evidence of collections, this method does not differ significantly from the allowance method. There were no bad debts for the year ended December 31, 2008.
- E. Fee Income Fee income is contingent upon the realization of predetermined contractual results; consequently, fees are recognized when the earning process is complete.
- F. Income Taxes Effective April 1, 1996, the Company has elected to be taxed under the provisions of subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Under these provisions, the Company does not pay federal or state corporate income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the stockholders are liable for individual federal and state income taxes on their respective shares of the Company's taxable income. The Company is responsible for local income taxes.

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#### PART III

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

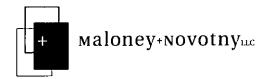
At December 31, 2008, the Company had accounts receivable of \$5,000 due from a stockholder and accounts payable totaling \$460 due to a former stockholder. The Company also incurred management fees of \$7,580,000 in 2008 from Brown Gibbons Lang & Company LLC, an affiliate related through common ownership.

### NOTE 3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2008, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$649,555 and \$5,000, respectively. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .03 to 1.

#### NOTE 4. REPORT DISCLOSURE

Part 11A of the Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. Focus Report (Form X-17A-5), dated December 31, 2008, to the Securities and Exchange Commission is available for examination and copying at the office of the Company in Cleveland, Ohio, and at the Chicago, Illinois, regional office of the Commission.



1111 Superior Avenue | Suite 700 | Cleveland, Ohio 44114 -2540 P 216.363.0100 F 216.363.0500 w maloneynovotny.com

To the Stockholders Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. Cleveland, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated February 12, 2009. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on pages 11 through 12 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Maloney + novotny LLC

Cleveland, Ohio February 12, 2009



# FORM X-17A-5

# PART III

# **COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL**

Decemb	er 31	1,2008

Total stockholders' equity from statement of financial condition Deductions and/or charges:		\$664,105
Total non-allowable assets from statement of financial condition Haircuts on securities	\$ 5,000 9,550	14,550
Net capital		<u>\$649,555</u>

# RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)(4)

December 31, 2008

Net capital per unaudited broker-dealer computation	\$649,555
Adjustments	<del>_</del>
Net capital per audited computation above	\$649,555

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### PART III

### COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

### December 31, 2008

Minimum net capital requirement	\$ 1,116
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	\$ 5,000
Net capital requirement	\$ 5,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$644,555</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$647,880</u>

### COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

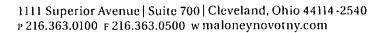
### December 31, 2008

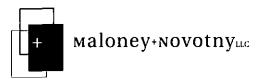
Total A.I. Liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition	\$_16,745
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>3%</u>

### CLAIM FOR EXEMPTION PROVISION UNDER RULE 15c3-3

December 31, 2008

(k)(2)(A) – Broker deals primarily in arranging private placements of debt and equity for corporate issuers, principally with institutional purchasers, carries no margin accounts and does not hold funds or securities for customers.





To the Stockholders Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. Cleveland, Ohio

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2008 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Maloney + Morotry LLC

Cleveland, Ohio February 12, 2009

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